# What is Cuckooing

## Cuckooing is when criminals take over the home of a vulnerable person, and use it for criminal purpose such as dealing drugs.

A criminal will often befriend a vulnerable person, as comfort levels rise more criminals are brought to the home, adding to the activity and taking over the property entirely.

#### Who are the victims of cuckooing?

Victims are vulnerable individuals, often drug users but can include people who are...

- older
- living with a mental or physical health condition
- living with a learning disability
- involved in prostitution
- single parents
- experiencing poverty
- isolated
- living with forms of addiction, such as alcoholism

**Controlling the victim:** Once residency is established drug dealers then have a discreet location out of sight of police from which to conduct their criminal activity.

An example of controlling activity could be pacifying victims using drugs. Once the high wears off and the victim wants the criminals to leave, intimidation levels can escalate to the use of threats and violence.

'They've already bought their way in, they've come in with a smile, they've said they're going to do you a favour, you bought the line. You know it's your fault, you know you've let them in, it's not like they've kicked the door in. They come in as friends, they're going to look after you, they're going to make life a bit better, you ain't going to wake up sick every morning. This is how they get in. They're your friends. And you know they're not but they have all the power.' - Victim of Cuckooing (Research in Practice for

## **Spotting the Signs of Cuckooing**



### The Vulnerable Person ...





### **Making a Referral**

Partnership working is essential in effectively tackling cuckooing and to prevent it re-occurring. Cuckooing is not a criminal offence in itself. To effectively tackle it, partner agencies need to share information and work together.

#### It is important to:

- Identify Cuckooing at as early as possible by recognising the signs;
- Support a community response;
- Ensure the nature of 'victim' is recognised;
- Inter-agency sharing of information and co-operation is consistent throughout.

#### **Cuckooing Legality:**

- Under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971, landlords or property managers can receive up to 14 years imprisonment or a substantial fine for having drugs residing at their property;
- The property may be seized or forfeited as well as prosecuted for money laundering;
- The premises may be 'closed down' and boarded up under the terms of a Premises Closure Order: (Section 76 Anti-Social Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014)

### **Contact Details**

MERTON: <u>ASCFirstResponse@merton.gov.uk</u> 020 8545 4388

KINGSTON: 020 8547 5005 adult.safeguarding@kingston.gov.uk

WANDSWORTH: 020 8871 7707 accessteam@wandsworth.gov.uk

RICHMOND: 020 8891 7971 Access.Team@richmond.gov.uk

- For a non-urgent police response, call 101
- In an emergency call 999
- CrimeStoppers 0800 555 111





